

Personnel - Certified

Drug and Alcohol Testing For School Bus Drivers

EASTCONN is committed to the establishment of a drug use and alcohol misuse prevention program that meets all applicable requirements of the Omnibus Transportation Employee Testing Act of 1991 (OTETA), as may be amended, and applicable state statutes pertaining to pre-employment and random drug testing of school bus drivers. EASTCONN shall adhere to federal and state law and regulations requiring a school bus driver's drug and alcohol testing program.

In addition to the above cited federal requirement, the EASTCONN Board of Directors expects its school transportation carrier to provide training to all school bus drivers, including instruction on (1) identifying the signs and symptoms of anaphylaxis, (2) administering epinephrine by a cartridge injector ("EpiPen"), (3) notifying emergency personnel, and (4) reporting an incident involving a student's life-threatening allergic reaction.

Each carrier must provide the training to school bus drivers following the issuance or renewal of a public passenger endorsement to operate a school bus for carrier employees, and upon the hiring of a school bus driver who is not employed by such carrier (e.g., subcontractor), except a driver who received the training after the most recent issuance or renewal of his or her endorsement is not required to repeat it.

Drug and Alcohol Clearinghouse Checks for CDL Drivers

Prior to employment the EASTCONN transportation carrier will conduct a full query of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration's Drug and Alcohol Clearinghouse (Clearinghouse) to obtain information about the driver's eligibility under federal rules to perform a safety-sensitive function. EASTCONN's transportation carrier will also contact prior employers where the applicant was a CDL driver for information to determine the driver's eligibility to perform safety-sensitive functions. (Prior employers' inquiries will continue until January 2023.)

EASTCONN's transportation carrier will conduct a limited query of the Clearinghouse for current CDL drivers who are employees on at least an annual basis. If information exists in the Clearinghouse about a driver, EASTCONN's transportation carrier will conduct a full query within 24 hours to determine if the driver is eligible to perform safety-sensitive functions. If EASTCONN's transportation carrier fails to conduct the full query within 24 hours, the driver will not be allowed to perform any safety-sensitive functions until the full query is conducted and it is determined the driver may perform safety-sensitive functions.

EASTCONN's transportation carrier will report the following information collected and maintained on each CDL driver to the Clearinghouse:

1. A verified positive, adulterated, or substituted drug test result;
2. An alcohol confirmation test with a concentration of 0.04 or higher;
3. A refusal to submit to any test required by this policy or the CDL drug testing program (49 C.F.R. Part 382, subpart C);
4. An employer's report of actual knowledge of the following:
 - a. On duty alcohol use (pursuant to 49 C.F.R. §382.205);
 - b. Pre-duty alcohol use (pursuant to 49 C.F.R. §382.207);
 - c. Alcohol use following an accident (pursuant to 49 C.F.R. §382.209); and
 - d. Controlled substance use (pursuant to 49 C.F.R. §382.213).
5. A substance abuse professional (SAP) (as defined in 49 C.F.R. §40.3) report of the successful completion of the return-to-duty process;
6. A negative return-to-duty test; and
7. An employer's report of completion of follow-up testing.

Legal Reference: United States Code, Title 49

2717 Alcohol and controlled substances testing (Omnibus Transportation Employee Testing Act

of 1991)

Code of Federal Regulations, Title 49

40 Procedures for Transportation Workplace Drug and Alcohol Testing Programs

382 Controlled Substance and Alcohol Use and Testing (as amended)

395 Hours of Service Drivers`

Holiday v. City of Modesto (1991) 229 Cal. App. 3d. 528, 540

International Brotherhood of Teamsters v. Department of Transportation

932 F. 2d 1292 (1991)

American Trucking Association, Inc. v. Federal Highway Administration, (1995) WL 136022
(4th circuit)

[10-212c](#) Life-threatening food allergies and glycogen storage disease: Guidelines; district plans.
(as amended by PA 18-185)

[14-261b](#) Drug and alcohol testing of drivers of certain vehicles, mechanics and forklift operators

[14-276a](#) Regulations re school bus operators and operators of student transportation vehicles;
qualifications; training. Pre-employment drug test required for operators

[52-557b](#) Immunity from liability for emergency medical assistance first aid or medication by
injection. School personnel not required to administer or render. (as amended by PA 05-144, An
Act Concerning the Emergency Use of Cartridge Injectors and PA 18-185, An Act Concerning
Life-Threatening Food Allergies in Schools)

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